

RRSP – Registered Retirement Savings Plan

Tax-deferral that lays the foundation for a secure retirement

The registered retirement savings plan is designed to assist with long-term savings, generally funding toward your retirement years.

Qualified investments for RRSPs include deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, stocks, bonds, mutual funds and segregated funds. As the owner of the plan, you are known as the annuitant.

Here are some important facts about RRSPs.

What are the key tax features?

A number of tax features come into effect when your retirement savings are 'registered' for tax purposes.

- RRSP contributions are tax-deductible in the year for/in which they are made
- Income within the RRSP is not taxed in intervening years, deferring tax until withdrawal
- Withdrawals are taxed in the year taken, leading to lower tax if you are at a lower bracket at that time

How much can you put into your RRSP, and when?

Annual contribution room is 18% of the previous year's earned income, to an indexed dollar maximum.

- For the 2023 tax year, the dollar maximum is \$30,780, reached at 18% of 2022 income of \$171,000
- If you over-contribute, a 1% per month penalty applies to the excess while it remains in the RRSP
- Unused room may be carried forward to use in future years, up to the end of the year you turn 71
- To claim a deduction, contributions must be made in the year, or within 60 days after year-end
- You may contribute to your own RRSP, or to a spousal RRSP of a spouse/common law partner (CLP)

Can you access the funds in your RRSP without triggering tax?

You may borrow from your RRSP, but if you don't repay on time, any unrepaid amount becomes taxable.

Home Buyer's Plan (HBP)

Qualified first-time homebuyers may each take up to \$35,000 for a home purchase. Repayment is required over 15 years, beginning the 2nd year after the withdrawal year

Lifelong Learning Plan (LLP)

You may withdraw up to \$10,000 per year to a maximum of \$20,000. Repayment is over 10 years, starting the 2nd year after ceasing to be a student or the 5th year after withdrawal

How do you draw from your RRSP to fund your retirement spending?

There is no minimum age to begin withdrawing from your RRSP, but it can't be later than the end of the year you turn 71, and no contributions are allowed to your RRSP after that date. There are three ways to draw down your RRSP.

Cash-in your RRSP

The entire cashed-in amount will be taxable that year, which could push you up into higher tax brackets, so this is not usually desirable except for a small RRSP

Purchase an annuity

Annuities pay a guaranteed fixed amount for life or a set number of years. Payments are often made monthly, with the total annual receipts taxable each year

Transfer to RRIF

You must take a minimum amount out of a RRIF each year (except the first/transfer year), although you can take more. Amounts taken are taxable each year

What happens if you die?

The default treatment on death is for the RRSP to be paid to the annuitant's estate and included as taxable income in the annuitant's terminal year, January 1st to the date of death. Simple steps to avoid this result:

Designated beneficiary on the plan

An annuitant can name a beneficiary to receive the RRSP directly, rather than it falling into the estate. The income inclusion still applies unless a rollover is available

Rollovers

If you name a spouse/CLP, financially dependent minor child/grandchild, or financially dependent disabled child/grandchild, the plan may roll tax-deferred to the recipient's registered plan

For more information, please consult your financial advisor and tax professional.

Mutual funds are offered through Credential Asset Management Inc. and Qtrade Asset Management (a tradename of Credential Asset Management Inc). Mutual funds and other securities are offered through Qtrade Advisor and Credential Securities, a division of Credential Qtrade Securities Inc. Credential Securities is a registered mark owned by Aviso Wealth Inc.

Aviso Wealth Inc. ('Aviso') is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aviso Wealth LP, which in turn is owned 50% by Desjardins Financial Holding Inc. and 50% by a limited partnership owned by the five Provincial Credit Union Centrals and The CUMIS Group Limited. The following entities are subsidiaries of Aviso: Credential Qtrade Securities Inc. (including Credential Securities, Qtrade Direct Investing, Qtrade Advisor, Qtrade Guided Portfolios and Aviso Correspondent Partners), Credential Asset Management Inc., Credential Insurance Services Inc., Credential Strategies Inc., and Northwest & Ethical Investments L.P.

The information contained in this article was obtained from sources believed to be reliable; however, we cannot guarantee that it is accurate or complete. This material is for informational and educational purposes and it is not intended to provide specific advice including, without limitation, investment, financial, tax or similar matters. This document is published by CQSI and CAM and unless indicated otherwise, all views expressed in this document are those of CQSI and CAM. The views expressed herein are subject to change without notice as markets change over time.